

AMENDMENTS TO THE SPECIFICATION:

Please amend the heading beginning at page 1, line 12, as follows:

Background of the invention

Please amend the heading beginning at page 3, line 1, as follows:

Brief description of the inventionSummary

Please amend the paragraph beginning at page 3, line 2, as follows:

An object of the ~~present invention~~ is to provide a method and device for managing batteries of a battery system in a flexible, reliable, and cost effective way and that can be used in a wide variety of applications, such as tools, for example, hand tools, cars, boats, back-up systems, buses, trucks, golf carts, wheel chairs, electric cars and fork-lift trucks, etc.

Please delete the paragraph beginning at page 3, line 9, which starts with:

These and other objects...

Please amend the paragraph beginning at page 3, line 14, as follows:

~~In the context of the present invention, the~~ The term battery refers to one cell or several cells connected in series.

Please amend the paragraph beginning at page 3, line 17, as follows:

According to a first aspect of the technology invention, there is provided a method for managing a battery system including a number of batteries. The method comprises the steps of detecting

the battery voltage in the batteries of the battery system~~[[;]]~~ and utilizing a voltage imbalance between different batteries of the system during operation of the battery system.

Please amend the paragraph beginning at page 3, line 24, as follows:

According to a second aspect of the ~~technology-invention~~, there is provided a device for managing a battery system including a number of ~~serially~~-serially-coupled batteries. The device comprises ~~a voltage detecting detector means~~-connected to said battery system and arranged to detect the battery voltage the batteries of the battery system; ~~a DC-to-DC-converting converter means~~-connected to said battery system; and a controller connected to said voltage detector ~~sensing means~~ and to said ~~DC-to-DC-converting converter means~~ and being arranged to control the voltage distribution over the batteries of the battery system via said ~~DC-to-DC-converting converter means~~.

Please amend the paragraph beginning at page 4, line 1, as follows:

According to another aspect, there is provided a computer readable medium comprising instructions for bringing a computer to perform the method according to the first aspect ~~of the invention~~.

Please amend the paragraph beginning at page 4, line 6, as follows:

The ~~present invention~~-technology is based on the idea of utilizing a voltage variance or imbalance between batteries of battery system including a number of serially connected batteries for the management of the system. ~~The solution according the present invention provides several advantages over the existing solutions.~~ The ~~present invention~~-technology provides a high degree

of flexibility, ~~or, in other words, it~~ and can be used in large number of applications, such as tools, for example, hand tools, in vehicles such as buses, trucks, golf carts, wheel chairs, electric cars and fork-lift trucks, etc., without requiring any major modifications. The ~~invention~~ technology can also be used in a wide variety of different types of batteries, for example, lead-acid batteries NiCd batteries, LiIon batteries, or NiMH batteries. Moreover, it can handle a very broad spectrum of currents. The design ~~of the present invention~~ is simple and can therefore be realised in a cost effective manner.

Please amend the paragraph beginning at page 4, line 21, as follows:

According to a preferred example ~~embodiment of the invention~~, a voltage imbalance between different batteries of the battery system is created and utilized during the operation of the battery system. This can be useful in certain operations, for example, during the charging of the batteries of the battery system. Thereby, the charging can be performed significantly faster since the charging is performed at a higher voltage, i.e. using the voltage difference. In another example ~~embodiment~~, a detected voltage imbalance between the different batteries of the system is enhanced. This can also be useful, for example, during the charging of the batteries of the battery system in order to speed up the charging of the batteries.

Please amend the paragraph beginning at page 5, line 1, as follows:

According to a preferred example ~~embodiment~~, a switching or alternating between batteries of the battery system having different voltages during predetermined intervals is performed during the operation of the batteries.

Please amend the paragraph beginning at page 5, line 6, as follows:

Furthermore, the ~~solution according to the present invention~~ technology is also flexible in that it can use a voltage imbalance, created deliberately or detected, to improve the function of the battery system and the vehicle in which the system is mounted in dependence of external or environmental conditions. Accordingly, the ~~present invention~~ technology can adapt the operation or functioning of the battery system to the conditions present.

Please amend the paragraph beginning at page 5, line 14, as follows:

According to an example embodiment, the device includes a temperature sensor the sense the temperature at the batteries of the battery system, thereby the operation or functioning of the battery system and the vehicle can be adapted to the external temperature. This is of a great benefit under warm as well as cold conditions and, in particular, in area where the temperature can vary to large extent. The device can also be used to provide other voltages from a battery. For example, 12V can be obtained from a 24V battery.

Please amend the paragraph beginning at page 5, line 23, as follows:

As realized by the person skilled in the art, the method ~~according to the present invention~~, as well as preferred example embodiments ~~thereof~~, are suitable to realize as a computer program or a computer readable medium.

Please delete the paragraph beginning at page 5, line 29, which begins with:

Above-mentioned and other...

Please amend the paragraph beginning at page 6, line 1, as follows:

Fig. 1 shows schematically a battery system managing device of a first example embodiment ~~according to the present invention~~ connected to a generator of a vehicle and to a battery system of two serially connected batteries;

Please amend the paragraph beginning at page 6, line 8, as follows:

Fig. 3 shows schematically an embodiment of a method for battery system ~~managing in~~ management ~~accordance with the present invention~~;

Please amend the paragraph beginning at page 6, line 10, as follows:

Fig. 4 shows schematically a battery system managing device of a another example embodiment ~~according to the present invention~~ connected to a generator of a vehicle and to a battery system of six ~~serially~~ serially-connected batteries;

Please amend the paragraph beginning at page 6, line 16, as follows:

Fig. 6 shows schematically the principles of the method of a first example embodiment ~~according to the present invention~~.

Please amend the paragraph beginning at page 6, line 16, as follows:

Fig. 6 shows schematically the principles of the method of a first embodiment ~~according to the present invention.~~

Please amend the heading beginning at page 6, line 19, as follows:

Detailed Description of preferred embodiments

Please amend the paragraph beginning at page 6, line 20, as follows:

With reference first to Fig. 1, a battery system managing device of a first example embodiment ~~according to the present invention~~ connected to a generator, alternator or other type of charging device and to a battery system of two serially connected batteries will be shown schematically. A battery system management device 10 is connected to a generator 12 of a vehicle (not shown), such as a bus, a truck, a golf cart, a wheel chair, an electric car, or a fork-lift truck, and over the batteries 14, 14a, respectively, of the battery system or battery string 16. In this embodiment, the generator is of 28V and the voltage of the batteries 14, 14a are of 14V each. The open circuit voltage over each battery is typically lower than 14 V. As discussed above, the charging and discharging of such series connected batteries results, in conventional applications, in slow charging when the batteries are close to 100 % state of charge and/or a voltage imbalance between the batteries. Thus, the actual voltages over the batteries 14, 14a may drift so that the voltage over the first battery 14 could be 14.5V or higher and the voltage over the second battery is 13.5V or lower, or vice versa.

Please amend the paragraph beginning at page 7, line 18, as follows:

A Voltage-voltage detector ~~detecting means~~ 28 is further connected to the controller 21 and to the batteries 14, 14a to detect the voltage over respective battery 14, 14a. According to other embodiments, the voltage ~~detecting means~~ detector 28 can be incorporated in the DC-to-DC-converter 20. Moreover, a power supply (not shown) is included to power the components of the managing device 10, for example, the controller 21 and the DC-to-DC-converter 20. However, according to an alternative, the device can be powered by ~~means of~~ the main supply.

Please amend the paragraph beginning at page 7, line 27, as follows:

The controller 21 is connected to the DC-to-DC-converter 20, the sensing device 23, and the timer unit 24, and arranged to control the output of the DC-to-DC-converter 20. The DC-to-DC-converter 20 is connected to the input 25 of the first battery 14, to the output 25a of the first battery 14, the input 26 of the second battery 14a, and the output 26a of the second battery 14a. According to this ~~exemplifying example~~ embodiment, each of the batteries 14, 14a is a 14V battery and the generator is of 28V. Due to the voltage drift of the batteries discussed above, the voltage over the first battery 14 can be approximately 14.5V and the voltage over the second battery 14a can be about 13.5V. The input voltage of the of the DC-to-DC-converter 20 is approximately 28V. Using a conventional equalizer instead of the battery system management device 10, the voltages over the two batteries would have been levelled out, i.e. the voltage over the batteries is about 14V each. In contrast to this, the battery system management device 10 ~~according to the present invention~~ utilizes the voltage imbalance between the batteries in order to, for example, charge at a higher voltage or supply the generator with a higher voltage. Accordingly, the higher voltage of ~~14.5V~~ 14.5V of the first battery 14 is utilized. According to

one embodiment, see fig. 3, a switching between the batteries 14, 14a ~~occurs~~ occurs at predetermined intervals, i.e., during a first predetermined period of time t1 the higher voltage V1 of the first battery 14 is applied, which in this embodiment is about 14.5V, and during a second period of time the lower voltage V2 of the second battery 14a is applied, which in this embodiment is about 13.5V. This may, for example, be performed during charging, discharging, or when the batteries are in an idle state. This alternating process is preferably maintained until the batteries are equal in state of charge and, if possible, fully charged. The intervals may have a length of a few seconds to a magnitude of several minutes, for example, 10-20 minutes. According to this embodiment the DC-to-DC-converter 20 is arranged to, when receiving instructions from the controller 21, for example, change the potential of the connection 29 between the batteries 14, 14a upwards or downwards. As the skilled man realizes there are other ways of obtaining these functions, for example, by ~~means of~~ switching means.

Please amend the paragraph beginning at page 8, line 31, as follows:

According to a practical example, if a 12V battery is charged with 14V and thereafter is disconnected, the voltage over the battery is about 13.8V the first few seconds. This falls to about 13V after a period of time (5-120 minutes). Accordingly, at charging using the present ~~invention~~ technology, in a battery system with a charging voltage of 28V and two batteries of 12V each, the imbalance between the batteries can be enhanced so that the first battery 14 has a voltage of 13.3V and the voltage over the second battery 14a has a voltage of 14.7V. Thereby, the battery 14 having a voltage of 13.3V falls rapidly to 13.3V but this is performed without any significant transfer of energy and thereafter the battery is maintained at this level. Over the second battery 14a, the current driving voltage is now $14.7-13.8V=0.9V$, i.e. almost a fivefold

increase. The charging of the battery is increased at least four times. If ~~the~~ an alternation between the batteries is performed on a regular basis, typically with 5 seconds to 10 minutes intervals, the increase is halved, but in total the charging speed is at least doubled.

Please amend the paragraph beginning at page 9, line 16, as follows:

Under certain conditions it may also be desirable to increase the voltage difference between the batteries, for example, at cold weather conditions, which is of frequent occurrence, for example, in Scandinavia. To elaborate, according to the ~~exemplifying example~~ embodiment shown in Figs. 1 and 2, if the controller 21 is notified via the temperature sensor 23 that the temperature at the batteries, or outside the vehicle, depending on the placement of the sensor 23, is low, for example, under a predetermined level, which indicates that a higher voltage is desirable. The gas voltage of a battery rises with a decreasing temperature and it is ~~favourable~~ favorable to charge at or near the gas voltage. Thereafter, the controller 21 sends an instruction to the DC-to-DC-converter 20 to control the voltage over the first battery 14 to be higher than the actual voltage of about 14.5V, for example, 15.0V.

Please amend the paragraph beginning at page 9, line 30, as follows:

With reference now to figs. 4 and 5, another example ~~embodiment~~ of a battery system managing device ~~according to the present invention~~ is schematically shown. This embodiment is adapted to be used with a battery system of six serially connected batteries. A battery system management device 40 is connected to a generator⁴², alternator or other type of charging device, and to the batteries 44, 44a, 44b 44c 44d, and 44e, respectively, of the battery system or battery string 46 of

the vehicle. In this embodiment, the generator is of 36V and the batteries 44, 44a, 44b 44c 44d, and 44e, are accordingly of 6V each. As discussed above, the charging and discharging of such series connected batteries results in a voltage imbalance between the batteries. Thus, the actual voltages over the batteries 44, 44a may, for example, drift so that the voltage over the first battery 44 is about 6.5V, the voltage over the second battery 44a is about 6.3V, the voltage over the third battery 44b is about 6.1V, the voltage over the fourth battery 44c is about 5.9V, the voltage over the fifth battery 44d is about 5.7V, and the voltage over the sixth battery 44e is about 5.5V.

Please amend the paragraph beginning at page 10, line 16, as follows:

Turning now to Fig. 5, the battery system managing device of Fig. 4 will be shown in more detail. The battery system managing device 40 comprises a first DC-to-DC-converter 50, a second DC-to-DC-converter 50a, a third DC-to-DC-converter 50b, a fourth DC-to-DC-converter 50c, and a fifth DC-to-DC-converter 50d, a controller 51, a sensing or detecting device for sensing or detecting a battery parameter 53, and a timer unit 54. A Voltage-voltage detecting means detector, which in this embodiment ~~are~~is incorporated in respective DC-to-DC-converter 50-50d, ~~are~~is further connected to the controller 51 and to the batteries 44-44e and are arranged to detect the voltage over respective battery 44-44e. As described above, the voltage ~~detecting means detector~~ can be arranged stand-alone from the DC-to-DC-converters 50-50d as in the embodiment shown in Fig. 2 indicated with reference numeral 28. Moreover, a power supply (not shown) is included in the device 40 to power the components of the managing device 40, for example, the controller 51 and the DC-to-DC-converters 50-50d. However, in other embodiments the device is powered by ~~means of~~ the main supply. In this embodiment, the

sensing device 53 is a temperature sensor 53 for sensing the temperature at the battery. In certain application, this sensor is not built-in in the battery managing device 10, but placed at a distance from the device itself and wired to the device. In other applications a number of sensors are used in order to sense more than one parameter. In one example, one temperature sensor is provided for each battery. The controller 51 is connected to each one of the DC-to-DC-converters 50-50d, and the timer unit 54, and arranged to control the output of the DC-to-DC-converters 50-50d. The first DC-to-DC-converter 50 is connected to the first battery 44 and the second battery 44a, the second DC-to-DC-converter 50a is connected to the second battery 44a and the third battery 44b, the third DC-to-DC-converter 50b is connected to the third battery 44b and the fourth battery 44c, the fourth DC-to-DC-converter 50c is connected to the fourth battery 44c and the fifth battery 44d, and the fifth DC-to-DC-converter 50d is connected to the fifth battery 44d and the sixth battery 44e.

Please amend the paragraph beginning at page 11, line 18, as follows:

The operation principles of the device 50 mainly corresponds to the operation of the device described with reference to Fig. 1 and 2 for ~~what~~that reason it is not repeated.

Please amend the paragraph beginning at page 11, line 22, as follows:

According to another example embodiment, three batteries are connected in series and the device comprises two DC-to-DC-converters. In this case, each battery has a voltage of 14V and the total generator voltage is 42V. The voltage over the first battery can be placed at 14.5V, the voltage over the second at 13, and the voltage over the third at 14,5V. After, for example, 5 minutes this

distribution can be changed so that voltage over the first battery is at 14.5V, the voltage over the second is 14.5V, and the voltage over the third is ~~13.5V~~ 13.5V.

Please amend the paragraph beginning at page 11, line 31, as follows:

Referring now to Fig. 6, ~~the overall principles of the method according to the invention will be~~ described. First, at step 60, a battery voltage over the batteries of the battery system is detected, for example, at the batteries 44-44e shown in Fig. 5. At step 62, which is a optional step, a battery parameter of the battery system is sensed, for example, the temperature. The sensed battery parameter can be used for the control of the voltage distribution of the batteries of the battery system. Then, at step 64, a voltage imbalance between different batteries of the battery system during operation of the battery system is utilized, as described above. According to an embodiment, the voltage distribution of the batteries is controlled in order to create a voltage imbalance between different batteries of the battery system. For example, a detected voltage imbalance between the different batteries of the system can be enhanced and/or alternated between batteries of the battery system having different voltages during predetermined intervals as described earlier. In a preferred embodiment, the voltage imbalance between different batteries of the system is utilized during the charging and/or discharging of the batteries.

Please amend the paragraph beginning at page 12, line 18, as follows:

Although specific embodiments have been shown and described herein for purposes of illustration and exemplification, it is understood by those of ordinary skill in the art that the specific embodiments shown and described may be substituted for a wide variety of alternative

and/or equivalent ~~implementations without departing from the scope of the invention~~. Those of ordinary skill in the art will readily appreciate that the ~~present invention~~ technology could be implemented in a wide variety of embodiments, including hardware and software implementations, or combinations thereof. As an example, many of the functions described above may be obtained and carried out by suitable software comprised in a micro-chip or the like data carrier. This application is intended to cover any adaptations or variations of the preferred embodiments discussed herein. Consequently, the present invention is defined by the wording of the appended claims and equivalents thereof.